

## HE BELIEVES IN SPIRITS.

REV. R. HEBER NEWTON THINKS  
THERE IS SOMETHING IN IT.He is Deeply Interested in the Mat-  
ter, but Has Made No Experiments  
—Other Men Converted to It—  
Boston to Investigate.

NEW YORK, February 10.—New York spiritualists have been asserting for a long time that Rev. R. Heber Newton is a spiritualist. They have gone so far as to say that he secretly consulted mediums about matters of business as well as about spiritual affairs. A son reporter talked with one well known medium yesterday, who mentioned two cases that he said Mr. Newton had attended. One was last May, in the Chelsea district, when a man named being Mrs. Mand Lord Drake and another Mrs. Hesse, who used to be Miss Phillips, was the medium. The medium said that Mr. Newton had consulted Mrs. Hesse on more than one occasion. Mr. Newton, he said, had become interested in spiritualism through Dr. Newcombe, a dentist, who wrote a spirit bible and called it "Oshun." Another medium said that Rev. Mr. Newton believed in spiritualism and that several members of his congregation were avowed spiritualists and attended services regularly.

Rev. Mr. Newton himself has been confined to his room with a severe cold for several days. He invited a reporter up to see him yesterday. He laughed when the reporter asked him if he was a spiritualist. "My views on spiritualism," he said, "were set forth in an article printed in one of the Boston papers a year ago. They are the same now as then. I believe that there is something in the phenomena besides fraud. I am deeply interested in the matter, as I believe all men of sense should be. My health has been such the last three years that I have not been able to do any serious investigating, but I have done all of the books written by the great authors and scientific men who have investigated the phenomena."

"Have you attended any seances?" asked the reporter.

"I have never attended a public seance," Mr. Newton replied.

"You have attended a seance given by Mrs. Mand Lord Drake, have you not?" asked the reporter.

"I have never been at any public seance," again replied Mr. Newton.

"Have you not been at a seance where Mrs. Hesse was the medium?" asked the reporter.

"As I said," said Mr. Newton, "my health has not permitted me to make personal investigation. I have made a very careful study from the best books on the subject. Speaking of spiritualism generally, Mr. Newton said: 'Investigation is needed. Prof. Crookes plunges into spiritualism. It landed Wallace and other scientific men. These men are firm believers in spiritualism. If investigation has convinced men of the ability and learning of the spiritualists, the average man, who is not so gifted, to turn up his high and mighty nose.'"

Mr. Newton was interested recently in the formation of another society for psychical research. It was to be known as the psychical phenomena committee. Rev. Mr. Newton also was interested.

Good People to Investigate Spiritualism.

BOSTON, February 10.—Rev. Edward Everett Hale, Mr. Mary A. Livermore, Rev. Minot J. Savage, Rev. Edward A. Horton, B. O. Flower, editor of the Arena, and other well-known persons have signed an agreement to form a society for the investigation of spiritualism.

SITTING BULL'S SADDLE.

An Elaborate Piece of Work, a Token of Squaw Admiration.

NEW YORK, February 10.—Mr. Jacob Ruppert, the brewer, has just received as a present from a Montana frontiersman, W. D. Flowers, of Moreland, a saddle which was once the property of the late, but not lamented, Sitting Bull. It is a head-work saddle, and it was made by the fair hands of Sitting Bull's own squaws and other squaws of his nation shortly after the Custer massacre, and it was presented to the famous chief as a slight token of the admiration which the women felt for him in view of the horrible and unparalleled atrocity which he had committed.

The seat of the saddle is completely covered with beads. In the four corners are beautiful figures worked in colors, which bleed beautifully. The surrounding field is in pure white. The flaps of the saddle, each about as big as a fox-hound's ear, are also completely covered with bead work, and from their lower sides depend worsted tassels of various colors. The saddle is lined with some soft leather, and is upholstered, it is thought, with clippings of pony tails. It is a pony saddle, as a matter of course, and is without stirrups or girths. It fastens to the pony's back with a cinch, and rings of iron are attached beneath the flaps through which the cinch passes. Mr. Flowers, who sends the saddle to Mr. Ruppert, says that he obtained it through a trader from Chief Long Dog, who was with Sitting Bull at the Big Horn. He says that he gave Long Dog a horse valued at \$80 in exchange for it.

ACTION FOR TRESPASS.

Indians Selling Land to Which They Had No Good Title.

BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., February 10.—J. G. Monahan, special United States timber agent, is looking up alleged trespass on Indian lands in Jackson county. The wholesale cutting of standing timber on the Indian homesteads has been going on for the last ten years. The land is about stripped of all timber of any value, which leaves it in most cases worthless, as the soil is light. The timber was usually the increment that prompted the Indians to "homestead."

He found a ready market for contractors and job loggers. The point is now raised that in the unpassed some years ago granting the Indians of the Winnebago tribe the right to take homesteads a provision was added exempting these lands from taxation for a period of twenty years, and that no title should pass to the Indians until the expiration of the tax exemption period. Though the timber was bought in good faith by the contractors and the Indians were paid for the same, the Government will hold that the Indians had no right to dispose of their timber and will probably commence action for trespass.

AGAINST GRANGER LEGISLATION.

Railroad Employees Take Up the Cause in Their Own Interests.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., February 10.—T. G. Booby, general organizer of the railway employees' club, with headquarters at Minneapolis, Minn., addressed a large audience of railroad men here last night and will organize a club. The object is the protection of the interests of employees by fighting what is known as "Granger legislation," which by making war on the railroads is said to have so reduced their earnings as to necessitate the cutting down of wages and the laying off of employees. The assertion is made that dividends paid by railroads in the northwestern states were reduced in the year 1890 to less than one-half of 1 per cent. of their stock and the average return from all railroad investments was less than 3 per cent. The organization of the railroad employees as a solid phalanx of voters is intended to check the Granger element in its efforts to ignore the welfare of the railroad employees and pass laws which rob him of his means of livelihood.

THE NEW ITALIAN MINISTRY.

Difficulty in Filling the Minor Offices—Crispien's Future.

LONDON, February 10.—The Rome correspondent of the Times says: Public opinion is cooling toward the new ministry, owing to the belief that it is composed of irreconcilable elements and lacks a common program. Much difficulty is experienced in filling the minor offices. The majority of the members of the Left have promised neutrality.

Signor Crispien will attack the ministry only in the event of measures against the Drahovich or tending to reduce Italy's defenses. It is denied that King Humbert will consent to the dissolution of Parliament. Following is the cabinet as it stands:

Marquis di Rudini, Premier, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Minister of War.

Signor Colonna, Minister of Finance.

Signor Sestini, Minister of the Interior.

Signor Luzzatti, Minister of the Treasury.

Signor Pelloni, Minister of War.

Signor Brusa, Minister of Public Works and Minister of Post and Telegraphs.

Signor Verri, Minister of Justice.

What France Wants.

PARIS, February 10.—The Journal Des Debats to-day says that all France asks of the Marquis di Rudini is to allow France to live with Italy, as France lives with Austria. The Journal is of the opinion that the change of ministry does not release Italy from the false political system adopted under her rulers' constraint. The Voltaire states that so long as Signor Crispien's policy survives France can not revert to a policy of generosity and confidence.

The New Cabinet is Feasible.

ROME, February 10.—The Marquis di Rudini, the new Italian Premier, has issued a circular addressed to the Italian ministers abroad, stating that the program of the cabinet is pacific and conservative, which will guarantee security to Italy and quiet to Rome. The cabinet, he adds, will seek to strengthen Italy's friendly foreign relations.

MOVED TO THE ATLANTIC.

The Area of Low Pressure Has Moved to Maine—Indications.

WASHINGTON, February 10.—The tongue of low pressure that extended from the Gulf of Iowa Sunday morning developed Sunday night into a severe storm over Iowa, which, time it has passed over the lakes and is now central over Maine; it has been attended by heavy snow in the northern and rain in the southern sections of the country, with a cold wave and decided northerly in the southwest and blizzard in the northwest.

The cold wave will reach the Atlantic coast to-day, with fair weather, except continued local snows in the lower lakes and New England. Wednesday will be cold and fair in all the States east of the Mississippi river, after which the temperature will gradually rise. A slight lower area has appeared in Montana.

For Ohio—Fair weather, except local snows on the lakes; colder, northwesterly winds.

For Illinois—Fair weather, variable winds; warmer Wednesday.

For Indiana—Continued cold, fair weather; westerly winds.

Local forecasts—For Indianapolis and vicinity, for the twenty-four hours ending Feb. 11, 10: Slightly colder, fair weather.

LOCAL TEMPERATURE.

7 a. m. — 25° 12 p. m. — 30°

DOUBLE CRIME IN ARIZONA.

COLUMBUS, Kas., February 10.—In the parlor of the Empire House in this city yesterday afternoon, Louis S. Holey, of Arizona, shot his wife Amelia M. Holey, dangerously if not fatally, and immediately afterward shot himself through the head. Holey died in a few minutes. The couple were married about eight years ago, but have been living apart for over four years.

Mr. Holey had the notice served on Holey yesterday a short time before the tragedy. Holey had by some means induced his wife to go to the parlor of the Empire House, and locking the door asked her to disrobe for divorce proceedings and to live with him again. Upon her refusal he shot her and then himself.

Fantastic Figures in Ice.

(Special to The Indianapolis News.)

TIPTON, February 10.—The Lafayette Natural Gas Company drilled a well on the farm of M. M. Jones, near Kempton, and while gas was struck at usual depth the drilling was continued until the Trenton rock had been penetrated to a depth of twenty feet. Then a stream of water shot into the air, reaching the top of the derrick. It was freezing weather, and in a short time the derrick was covered with ice and was festooned with all sorts of fantastic figures. Hundreds of people flocked to see it, and photographers from Frankfort and other points took views from every possible point.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Waco, Tex., has a band of bold thieves and incendiaries.

A saloon in Frederickburg, O., was blown up with dynamite.

Mike Conley, the Ithaca giant, was knocked out in the second round by Billy Woods, of Denver, in a fight at New Orleans last night.

A special mail train, Mo., says that T. J. Roeder, of Howard county, was arrested yesterday on a charge of forgery. He was at one time one of the best known and solid men of the county.

A tornado passed over Helena, Ala., doing considerable damage and injuring several people. A number of lives were lost in the South Dakota blizzard. The thermometer has been at zero in Texas.

Mr. Rev. Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, is at St. Louis for the purpose of attending the funeral of his brother, Thos. P. Gleason, which takes place to-day. His Grace returns to Philadelphia immediately after the funeral.

Yesterday morning, at Galveston, Tex., William H. Byron, chief engineer of the little steam tug Just In, was found lying dead in his bunk on that vessel. There were four ghastly wounds in the forehead, inflicted with a blunt instrument. No clue to the murderer.

At Bellare, Ohio, Henry Schaefer, at the request of Lawyer McGeehey, signed a blank bit of paper, which was to be used in a legal case pending. Some days later Schaefer was presented with a note for \$100 by Lawyer Smith, who discounted it for McGeehey. Schaefer kicked and the grand jury is investigating.

Robert Bonner says that Maud S. will be bred the coming season for the first time. She will never be driven against her record again. Sunol will be given three trials next summer to break the world's record of 2:08 1/2. It is claimed by Marvin, her driver, that she can trot a mile in 2:04, and a quarter of a mile in 29 seconds—1:56 gal.

## A NEW CATHOLIC ORDER.

THE COMING CEREMONY OF THE  
PROFESSION OF KATE DREXEL.Plans of the Wealthy Young Woman  
for the Good of the World—  
Her New Sisterhood and Its  
Christian Purposes.

PHILADELPHIA, February 10.—Archbishop Ryan, accompanied by Cardinal Gibbons, Bishop Keane and other eminent divines of the Catholic Church, will leave this city to-day to attend the ceremony of the profession of Miss Kate Drexel, who will take her final vows in the Convent of Mercy, Pittsburg, on Thursday, and devote her life and immense fortune of over seven million dollars to the moral and intellectual elevation of the Indian and colored races.

Miss Drexel is the daughter of the late Francis A. Drexel, of Drexel & Co., the well-known bankers of this city. About two years ago she entered the convent, at Pittsburg, and, after a year's probation, received the white veil and the religious name of Sister Katherine. According to the rules of the order she was placed on probation for another year, leaving her the privilege of returning to the world if she did not feel happy and think herself able to undergo the hardships and mortifications of the religious life. During her trial Miss Drexel has felt perfectly happy, and has been most exact in the observance of all the rules of the order. About six months ago she conceived the idea of founding an order whose sole work should be to teach the Indian and negro.

Recently she wrote the rules of the new order, and the pope and the college of cardinals, the name of the new order is "The Sisters of the Blessed Sacrament," and the mother-house will be in the city of Philadelphia. Attached to it will be the novitiate, where the young sisters will be trained for their future duties in teaching and administering to negroes and Indians. The property on which the last convent will be built includes six acres of land. The main building will have a frontage of two hundred feet, with a square tower on the eastern end, surmounted by a large cross. Two wings, each about 40x120 ft., will extend north from the main building.

A wall will connect these two wings and form a court, which will serve as a cloister. The institution will be called the Elizabeth House, and work will be begun on it next Monday. Miss Drexel will be in charge for a few days, after consulting with the Interior Department with respect to the establishment of Indian schools at Pine Ridge and other points. During the past year she has founded a Catholic mission school and a convent for the colored Catholics of this city. After her profession she will begin to receive a number of young ladies into the new order. Thursday's ceremony will be of double interest, inasmuch as it will be the first of the first sister of the new order, and one who in the future will be its superior. Archbishop Ryan will receive the vows and Cardinal Gibbons will preach.

CAPTAIN MORRIS'S STORY.

It Is Denied on One Hand and Approved on the Other.

BOSTON, February 10.—The story of the Siberian horrors, which appeared yesterday morning as related by Capt. Jos. W. Morris, who was captured in Behring sea by the Russian government with evidence of seal and walrus poaching in his vessel, and imprisoned in a coal mine, has made a stir in this city. Mr. John Baker, of the Adjutant General's office at the State House, himself a Russian (Baker is an assumed name), says that Captain Morris's story bears on its face every evidence of truth. The only marvelous thing in Mr. Baker's opinion is the fact that he was allowed to return from that country to a land of civilization, whereas his wrongs should be told to the whole world. Mr. Baker is a fugitive from Russian injustice, and knows from experience the terrible punishments inflicted in that country.

Pronounced a canard.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 10.—The story which came from Boston yesterday of the terrible sufferings of Captain Morris, of the sealing schooner Helena, who was imprisoned in a Siberian coal mine, is pronounced a canard here by officers of the Alaska Commercial Company. They keep accurate records of every vessel on the Siberian coast, and there is no trace of the seizure of any American vessel named the Helena, nor of such a vessel being taken into Vladivostok. Most of the vessels seized by the Russians have been for selling seal or walrus to the natives, and not for seal and walrus poaching.

THEY FIRED THE ORGAN.

Members Illinois Christian Church Object to Instrumental Music.

CHICAGO, February 10.—A special dispatch from Bloomington, Ill., says: There is serious trouble in the little town of Heyworth, thirteen miles south. For some time the members of the Christian church have been considering the introduction of instrumental music into their choir service, and as a result the church has been divided into two factions. A few days ago a ballot was taken, and by a small majority it was decided to buy an organ. An instrument was bought, and for the first time instrumental music was heard in the church. A number of the leading members had already withdrawn, and the attendance at the services was light. Some time during Sunday night the church was broken open and the organ dragged into the street, where charred fragments of it were found Monday morning.

The instrument had been stuffed with straw, on which kerosene had been poured, and then set on fire. Although a number of persons must have taken part in the affair, no clue to their identity has yet been obtained. A large reward has been offered for the identification of the despoilers.

They Hit the Hay in the Woods.

ST. LOUIS, February 10.—A special from Gainesville, Tex., says: Deputy Marshal W. Ainsley arrived here to-day with two prisoners, Liffy Impson, a full-blooded Choctaw Indian, and Bob Moore, a white man, both charged with murder. They were captured near Oakville, I. T. The prisoners, it is alleged, murdered their companion, Francis Bruner, a Creek Indian, near Lexington, a few days ago, and hid his body in the woods, where it was discovered by officer Ainsley one day last week. The remains had been almost eaten up by wolves.

The Preacher Slept in the Church.

LOWELL, Mass., February 10.—The trustees of the House of Prayer in this city recently decided to dispense with the services of the pastor, Arthur S. Davis, and told him so. Mr. Davis said he was abused, de-chared he would not resign, and dared the trustees to oust him. The trustees thought it might be unchristianlike to oust Mr. Davis, and tried a way around the difficulty by reducing his salary to \$1, payable in monthly installments. He accepted the reduction, and will remain in the church, but a faction in the House of Prayer which op-

## IT LASTED THIRTY YEARS.

WAGGONER AND TROUBLE LEADING  
TO ATTEMPTED LYNCHINGS.A Mother Who Treasured a Wrong  
and Wanted the Family Dignity to  
Be Upheld—Escaped to the  
Mountains—Night Attack.

SHREVEPORT, La., February 10.—Behind the attempted lynching of "Link" Waggoner, of Homer, La., there is a historical feud, or Mafia, extending back thirty years, in which two families have been nearly wiped out of existence. In 1860 one of the Dickerson family killed a Waggoner. They lived at Dykesville, Claiborne parish, Louisiana, near the Arkansas line. There remained of the Waggoners two small boys—Lincoln and Douglas. On these the mother based her hopes of revenge, for her husband was not a revengeful or blood-thirsty nature, and she swore her children to revenge their father's murder on reaching manhood. It seems she reared the boys with this one object in view. A few years ago they reached the proper age to go gunning for the murderer of their brother. There have been numerous cuttings and shootings between the two factions, and at last the murderer was caught unawares and was killed for his crime of thirty years ago.

Douglas Waggoner, known as "Shank," was convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary. "Link" Waggoner and "Catt" Patton, accessories, escaped to the Ozark mountains in Arkansas.

"Shank" Waggoner escaped from the penitentiary a few months ago, and joined his confederates. They made a raid into North Louisiana, shooting, burning houses and terrorizing the people, especially in the vicinity of Dykesville, where lived the enemies of their family. The Arkansas vigilantes captured the two Waggoners last week by surrounding a cabin in which they were secreted. The flooring had been sprinkled with coal-oil, and the vigilantes were about to apply the torch when the desperadoes, preferring captivity to cremation, surrendered. They were made to walk out, carrying their guns over their heads, and gave the prisoners to the authorities.

"Shank" was railroaded to his old quarters in the penitentiary for a few days, but was released. "Link" was placed in jail at Homer, La., to await trial for murder and several lesser crimes. That night about thirty vigilantes battered a hole in the wall of the jail, and on entering to take out "Link" shot and killed him with a fusillade of bullets. "Link" had two revolvers and fired seven shots, wounding two of the mob.

The vigilantes fired three shots, and Van Waggoner's friends also provided him with a horrid knife for the purpose of allowing the freedom of the jail and after the first volley he ran to a cage and was about entering it to use it as a breastwork, but one of the prisoners shut himself in and held the door shut. Waggoner cut off the prisoner's fingers with his knife, entered the cage, and with drawn pistols bid defiance to the mob. Later in the night the Sheriff removed him to jail at Monroe, in the next parish, for safety. Next morning a vigilante committee of about two hundred men surrounded the jail, but they were too late. As the mob and vigilantes wore no masks or disguises, they are well-known to the Waggoner faction, and there will be more trouble. Patton is still at large, and \$500 is offered for his arrest.

THE IDAHO SENATORSHIP.

Mr. Dubois Wants None of His  
Friends to Vote for a Democrat.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, February 10.—The Statesman to-day publishes the following dispatch from Fred T. Dubois, dated Washington, February 9. It reads:

My advice being asked, I express sincere hope that none of my friends will vote for a Democrat. They can not do so consistently with the party principle and should not for any personal benefit that might come to me. Should the Democrats support any Republican solidly it would mean the barrier of principle on the part of that Republican or imply a worse reflection on the Democrats. I can not afford to have my name connected here through a union of the element opposed to Democrats than I can to strengthen my position by my name and influence with my friends to elect a Democrat. If the Democrats vote unitedly for any Republican to create a sensation caused him to do it, and the Republican receiving their votes and our party escape much of the odium which would otherwise attach to it from this most ill-advised transaction.

Trust above everything else, that the action of my friends will be such that the Republican party of the Nation and State will not be disgraced by the action of a few individuals who must come to the State from this contest may be lessened as much as possible.

FRED T. DUBOIS.

The Illinois Contest.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., February 10.—The latest sensation in connection with the United States senatorial contest has been furnished by Frank B. E. Woodward, an employe on the Wabash railway, formerly a newspaper man. Mr. Woodward is charged with having written an anonymous letter to three F. M. B. A. Representatives, containing a guarded intimation of a price to be had for a certain commodity. It is asserted his love for notoriety and a desire to create a sensation caused him to do it. An order has been issued for his arrest. The ballot in joint convention showed no change.

TEMPERANCE IN NORTH DAKOTA.

BISMARCK, N. D., February 10.—A majority of the temperance committee of the House yesterday reported in favor of indefinitely postponing the recommitment bill. A long and bitter fight ensued. A motion to adopt the majority report was finally carried by a vote of 25, seven members being absent. The liquor men will try to secure a reconsideration.

The Nevada Legislature.

CARSON, Nev., February 10.—The joint committee of both houses of the Nevada Legislature has decided that the voters of this State knew nothing of the constitutional convention when they voted for it. After a long wrangle, both bodies finally decided that the matter was submitted to the people wrongly, and refused to canvass the vote.

CAN IDIOCY BE CURED?

An Unusual Surgical Operation Performed at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, February 10.—A most unusual surgical operation was successfully performed yesterday at the Cincinnati hospital, the object of which is to reclaim a child from idiocy. The patient was four years old. She can't talk and has all the appearances of confirmed idiocy. A sister, sixteen years old, is an idiot. It was found that the skull was abnormally compressed and prematurely ossified. The physicians decided to remove a portion of the skull so as to allow the brain to develop. The operation was successfully performed, a strip half an inch wide and five inches in length being removed and the scalp neatly joined over the space. The child rallied and appears to be doing well.

OKLAHOMA ELECTION RETURNS.

ST. LOUIS, February 10.—A special from Oklahoma City, Okla., says: County Clerk John M. Martin went before Judge Hamner and applied for an injunction to enjoin the County Commissioners from counting the returns of the late election, on the ground that there were no legal votes cast

## SIXTEEN THOUSAND IDLE.

THE GREAT STRIKE IN THE CON-  
NELSVILLE COKE REGION.Order Prevails at All Points—All  
Plants Closed Down—Moving for  
Eight Hours at Columbus, O.  
—A Dramatic Episode.

PITTSBURG, February 10.—Dispatches from the Connelville coke region to-day report the strike of coke-workers and miners is general. All the plants have closed down, and the only employees still on duty are the pumpers and washmen. Order prevails at all points, and no trouble is apprehended, for the present at least. Over sixteen thousand men are idle.

Moving for Eight Hours.

COLUMBUS, O., February 10.—The first annual convention of the United Iron Workers of America was opened in this city this morning, with fully three hundred delegates present, representing fifteen States of the Union, the special object of which is to make definite arrangements for the inauguration of the eight-hour day on May 1, 1891.

The inauguration of this movement has been delegated to this order by the other labor organizations. President John B. Rao was appointed committee on credentials and rules. Committees were also set for President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor; Treasurer Henry W. Wright, of the Labor general assembly; A. W. Wright, member of the executive board of Knights of Labor, and Hugh Cavanaugh, general worthy foreman of the Knights of Labor. All but Secretary Hayes were found and they were enthusiastically greeted on their entrance to the hall. When President Rao introduced President Gompers, a significant incident occurred. Taking Mr. Gompers and Mr. Wright by the hands, he said that this illustrated the great feeling existing between the three great labor organizations. Uproarious applause followed this announcement. The speeches by the visitors were on the subject of the eight-hour movement, showing the sympathy of the organization, they repeated with the eight-hour movement, and pledging their support. The sentiment of all seemed to be that everything was in good shape for a monster strike on May 1 next for eight hours, if the operators do not accede to the demand.

Three Hundred Railroaders Out.

PITTSBURG, February 10.—About three hundred employees of the Pittsburgh & Western Railroad Company at Allegheny and New Castle have gone on a strike on account of non-payment of wages. The road is now practically tied up as regards freight traffic. The company gives as an excuse for the delay reorganization of the road preparatory to its absorption by the Baltimore & Ohio.

EFFECT OF THE LYMPH.

Dr. Potter Thinks Koch's Syringe a  
Nuisance—The Patients To-Day.

The patients treated for consumption at the city hospital yesterday have shown no marked effect of the Koch lymph administered. One, William Paul, to-day shows an increased temperature, which is the thing desired. In his case a favorable result is hoped for.

Clearing of the Chicago Lake Front.

CHICAGO, February 10.—In the meeting of the City Council last night an order was passed terminating the city lease with the Interstate Industrial Exposition Company, of Chicago, and ordering the building torn down within ninety days. Thus the work of clearing the lake front preparatory to the World's Fair has begun. The building was erected in 1873, and in it have been held three national political conventions, one Democratic and two Republican, besides the Interstate Industrial Exposition Company, of Chicago, and ordering the building torn down within ninety days. Thus the work of clearing the lake front preparatory to the World's Fair has begun. The building was erected in 1873, and in it have been held three national political conventions, one Democratic and two Republican, besides the Interstate Industrial Exposition Company, of Chicago, and ordering the building torn down within ninety days. Thus the work of clearing the lake front preparatory to the World's Fair has begun. 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## AN AFTERNOON CONFERENCE.

Planning Mill Men Join the Carpenters—A Serious Wage Problem.

It appeared today that the meeting of the arbitration committee of the Carpenters' District Council and the Contractors and Builders' Association would be a mere formality. Each side had determined to stand by its demand—the contractors that the agreement of last year continue, and the carpenters that their newly-made schedule and rules be adopted. The leading planning mill-men were represented at a meeting at the Builders' Exchange this morning, and they determined also to stand by last year's agreement.

"We mean what we say," said Secretary D. E. Mogg, of the carpenters' council, to a News reporter. "We want our schedule accepted just as we have already determined. The contractors are anxious to settle the question, but we are not. We can wait. The present agreement will do us up to April 22 and then we can go to work again. Our meeting last night was more for the purpose of showing our arbitration committee than for anything else. The committee regularly has eight members, one from each union, but it was reduced to five in order to correspond with the contractors' committee."

The two committees met this afternoon. E. Eden, of Carpenters' Union No. 440; Joseph Kirsch, No. 61; Robert Forester, No. 109; William Armstrong, No. 609; F. Michaels, Stair Builders' Union, No. 57, represented the carpenters' council. G. W. Stanley, W. F. Christian, Thomas F. Morse, Alexander Shellenberger and William F. Juncos made up the contractors' committee.

At 3 o'clock the delegates were still in secret conference, and gave out that there was no adjustment yet possible; that an all-day session was probable, and that compromise was not likely to be reached, but is not yet in sight.

Cheap John Held by Customs Officers.

The New York custom house officials yesterday stopped a passenger from Europe and searched his clothing. They found on him a number of watches and other jewelry.

Chicago. New patterns, all sizes, styles and prices. Cash or on account. Free delivery. Open day and evening. H. T. HARRIS & CO., 116 and 118 North Pennsylvania street.

DIED. TURNER—Mrs. O. C. Turner, formerly of the city of New York, died at her home in the city of New York, at 10 o'clock, on Monday, February 10, 1891. Burial at 1 o'clock, on Tuesday, at the city of New York.

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CHURCH NOTICES. REV. JOSEPH A. MILLER, PASTOR of the Methodist Episcopal Church, corner Union and Madison streets, Indianapolis, Ind.

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## INDIVIDUAL MENTION.

Judge Graham will be in the city on the 17th to hear federal cases.

Mr. W. W. Bertram has gone on an extensive trip, seeking recreation for his failing health.

Will Elliott, of the Grand Hotel, was called to Richmond to-day by the serious illness of his mother.

The Indianapolis Light Infantry has issued invitations to a military drill at Tomlinson Hall on next Friday night.

T. J. Helm, formerly Bee Line agent at this place, is general superintendent of the Santa Fe Southern, a short road in New Mexico.

Miss Teresa Ryan, of Irvington, who fell on Thursday in a fainting fit, is still unconscious much of the time. Her case is extremely strange.

Gus Schwartz, well-known in this city, has been appointed assistant general passenger agent of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company.

Rev. Carey E. Morgan arrived from Wash to-day, and to-night will be given a reception at Professor Eden's home in Irvington, preparatory to a series of meetings which he will begin to-morrow night.

Miss Fry, who is to lecture at the Proprietary Hotel, arrived from Lafayette this afternoon. She is the guest of Mrs. John L. Griffiths, at Woodruff Place. Miss Fry is an unassuming, matter-of-fact little person, but is, nevertheless, master of her profession. She is the daughter of William Fry, of Cincinnati, who is celebrated through the West for his wood carving.

Miss Fry is a member of the New York League, and is well known in the East as a designer and carver. She is at present in receipt of art in Purdue University.

Albert F. Parsons, Ladies' Tailor and dressmaker, Boston, Mass., will be at the Bates House on February 13 and 14 with model dresses and garments; also a full line of samples of the latest styles in dressmaking. He will be prepared to take orders, and will return on the 20th for fitting.

New patterns, all sizes, styles and prices. Cash or on account. Free delivery. Open day and evening. H. T. HARRIS & CO., 116 and 118 North Pennsylvania street.

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WANTED—ONE COOK AND ONE GIRL AT 116 and 118 North Pennsylvania street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Address, 116 and 118 North Pennsylvania street.

WANTED—LAUNDRY WOMAN, IMMEDIATE. Address, 116 and 118 North Pennsylvania street.

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pany. That day is going by rapidly all over this country, as it has well gone already in Europe. We are in condition to end it now so far as Indianapolis is concerned. The thing to do is to step all bids for light from private companies and advertise for bids for plants. The people are awake to this and are of one mind concerning it. The attempt to give a private company another contract to make money out of the city for doing what it can better do itself, will be called to account.

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### Securing Our Street Car Rights.

The Legislature should pass a law requiring the street-car company to pave its tracks, and the city Council should

will clamor for the appointment of the present incumbent of the city clerk's office to both offices. If the Mayor refuses he will be held as defeating the intentions of the Legislature, and the ax-grinders will sharpen their reasons for the next campaign, to get a Mayor who will be subservient to the party caucus in the matter of appointments. The whole thing is as nasty as any "pull" that was ever projected into city politics. We protest that the Legislature should not saddle the city with such a thing.

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**An Enduring Monument.**

About 2,000 children have been named after the late Bishop Marvin, of St. Louis.

Wyoming, or in a little over half of the States and Territories taken together.

Mr. Henry Seek, wife of a shoemaker at Dutton, Montana, visited her husband's grave in his shop on a rainy day, and after a few minutes' conversation with him went home. Scarcely had she stepped across the door when she was heard to fall heavily upon the floor. Her husband soon found her lying, apparently dead. Three days later she was buried. Many had observed, however, that the body did not seem to be altogether the appearance of a dead person, and after the burial of her husband and Mrs. Seek's friends began to fear that she had been buried alive. They had feared the body, although several days had elapsed, and they had been in the room of the house, where it now lies, the family declaring that the woman is not dead, but is only in a trance, from which she will awaken.

Rather Unpleasant.  
 (New York Sun.)  
 "Are you out with Mr. Dreamy, the poet,  
 Ethel?"  
 "Yes, I am, the nasty thing. He wrote  
 some lines about a girl at the seashore and  
 dedicated them to me. He had the audacity  
 to call me a sand witch. Made me feel  
 ridiculous."  
 —————  
 Pretty High Board.  
 (New York Sun.)  
 "Boarding—Five Flights Up," is the sign  
 in the doorway of a Third-avenue tenement  
 house, in which there is no elevator.  
 —————  
 Too Cold for Snakes.  
 The cold wave killed two of Bernhardt's  
 pets.  
 —————  
 A Check Suit.  
 A rejected proposal.

*Vigor*

FOR  
**STRENGTH, NOURISHMENT  
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FITTED  
SCIENTIFICALLY**

A dark, vertical, textured strip, possibly a book binding or a piece of paper, showing signs of wear and discoloration. The texture is grainy and uneven, with some lighter and darker patches. There are some small, dark spots and fibers visible within the material. The overall appearance is aged and worn.















